Department of Physics Indian Institute of Technology Jodhpur

Two-year M.Sc. Program

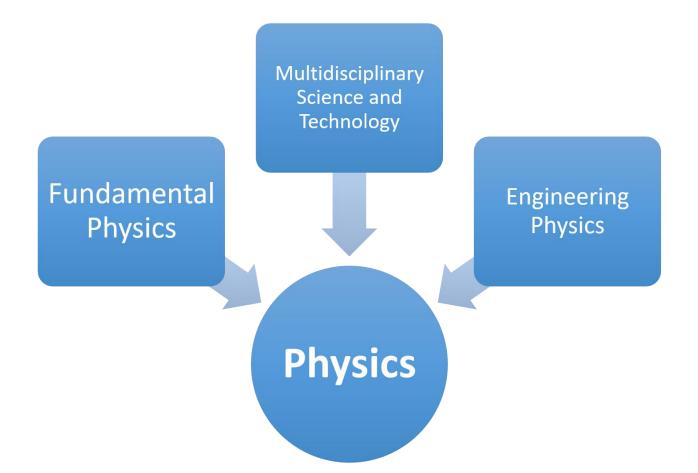
Courses





July 2019

Topic Cloud



Topic Cloud Details

Fundamental Physics

- 1. Mathematical Physics
- 2. Classical Mechanics
- 3. Quantum Mechanics
- 4. Statistical Physics
- 5. Electronics
- 6. Electrodynamics & STR
- 7. Condensed Matter Physics
- 8. Physics of Atoms & Molecules
- 9. Nuclear & Particle Physics

Multidisciplinary Science and Technology

- 1. Computational Physics (Fractals with ME & Maths)
- 2. High Energy Physics and Space Science
 - Introduction to Space Science
 - GTR
 - Particle Physics
 - Neutrino Telescope
 - X-ray Astronomy
 - Cosmology
- 3. Nanoscience & Nanotechnology (Fractals with MT & CY)
- 4. Advanced Condensed Matter Physics
- 5. Introduction to Materials Characterization (Fractals with MT)
- 6. Introduction to Medical Physics (Optical, radiation based, image analysis, MRI) (Fractals with BSBE, Electrical)
- 7. Fundamentals of Plasma & Fusion Science
- 8. Introduction to Quantum Technologies
- 9. Laser Technologies
- 10. Computational Materials Science (Fractals with MT and CY)
- 11. Soft Matter Physics (Fractals with CY)
- 12. Statistical methods for data analysis (Maths and Computers)
- 13. Non-Perturbative Aspects of Quantum Field Theory
- 14. Critical Phenomena and Renormalization Group

Engineering Physics

- 1. Optical Fibre Technology (Fractals with EE)
- 2. Engineering Optics
- 3. Energy Harvesting Technologies (Fractals with ME)
- 4. Solar Energy Technologies (Fractals with ME)
- 5. Quantum Optics & Engineering
- 6. Cold Plasma Technologies
- 7. Nuclear Engineering (Fractals with ME & EE)

Teaching Laboratories

- 1. Atomic & Nuclear Physics
- 2. Condensed Matter Physics
- 3. Electronics Laboratory
- 4. Optics and Lasers
- 5. Computational Physics

Hands-on Experiments

- 1. High-end Equipment
- 2. Computational Tools

Core Courses

Title	Mathematical Physics	Number	PHL6XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Compulsory
Prerequisite			

1. To gain the mathematical skills necessary to approach problems in fundamental and advanced physics courses.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. Apply the mathematical skills in designing problems and solving them.
- 2. Will enable students to apply different transforms to solve mathematical problems of interest in science and engineering.

Contents

Complex variables: Analyticity and Cauchy-Reimann Conditions, Cauchy's integral theorem and formula, Taylor's series and Laurent's series expansion, Branch Points and Cuts, Reimann Sheets and surfaces, Residues, Cauchy's Residue theorem, Jordan's Lemma to evaluate infinite integrals, Evaluation of definite integrals. (12 lectures)

Differential Equations and Special Functions: Ordinary differential equations, second order homogeneous and inhomogeneous equations, Wronskian, General solutions, Series solution. Gauss hypergeometric and confluent hypergeometric equations, Sturm Liouville problem, Legendre, Hermite and the associated polynomials, Bessel functions, Integral representation of special functions, Applications to electrostatics and quantum mechanics. (16 lectures)

Fourier and Laplace Transforms: Fourier transform, Sine, Cosine and Complex transforms with examples, Definition, Properties and Representations of Dirac Delta Function, Properties of Fourier Transforms, Transforms of derivatives, Parseval's Theorem, Convolution Theorem, Momentum representation, Applications to Partial differential equations, Discrete Fourier transform, Fast Fourier transform, Laplace transform, Convolution theorem and its applications, Laplace transform method of solving differential equations, Applications to electrostatics. (14 lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Arfken George, B. and Weber Hans, J., *Mathematical Methods for Physicists*, Academic Press, 2012.
- 2. Boas Mary, L., *Mathematical Methods in the Physical Sciences*, John Wiley & Sons, 2005.

Self-Learning Material

- 1. Selected topics in Mathematical Physics, NPTEL course, https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115106086/ (by Professor V. Balakrishnan, Department of Physics, IIT Madras).
- 2. Duan L., www-personal.umich.edu

Preparatory Course Material

1. Mathematical physics online NPTEL course by Dr. Saurabh Basu, IIT Guwahati.

Title	Classical Mechanics	Number	PHL6XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Compulsory
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

1. Provide concepts and problem solving approach related to Lagrangian and Hamiltonian formulation in Mechanics.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. To apply the Variational principles to physical problems.
- 2. Model mechanical systems using Lagrange and Hamilton equation of motion.

Contents

Survey of elementary principles: review of the Newtonian mechanics, constraints, D'Alembert's principle, Lagrange's equation, Its application to simple problems. (7 Lectures)

Central force problem: The equation of motion, the equivalent one-dimensional problem, classification of orbits, Virial theorem, Differential equation for the orbit, inverse square law of force, scattering in central force field. (7 Lectures)

Variational Principles and Lagrange's equations: calculus of variations, Hamilton's principle, derivation of Lagrange's equation from Hamilton's principle, its application, conservation and symmetry property. (6 Lectures)

Small oscillations: formulation of the problem, eigenvalue equation, principal axis transformation, normal coordinates, triatomic molecule free vibration, forced and damped vibrations. (6 Lectures)

Rigid body motion: orthogonal transformation, the Eulerian angles, Euler's theorem, infinitesimal rotation, tensors and dyadics, force free motion of rigid body, the heavy symmetrical top. (5 Lectures)

Hamilton's equation of motion: Legendre transformations and Hamilton's equation, cyclic coordinates, Routh's procedure, physical significance of Hamiltonian. (5 Lectures)

Canonical Transformation: Examples of canonical transformations, Lagrange and Poisson Brackets, symmetry group of mechanical systems. (6 Lectures)

Textbook

1. Goldstein, H., *Classical Mechanics*, Pearson India Limited, New Delhi (2011).

Reference Books

- 1. Jose, J. V. and Saletan, E. J., *Classical Dynamics: A Contemporary Approach*, Cambridge University Press, (2002).
- 2. Landau, L.D. and Lifshitz, E.M., *Mechanics*, Pergamon Press, (1960).

Online Course Material

1. Banerjee D., *Classical Mechanics*, Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur, Kharagpur, https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/115105098/.

Title	Quantum Mechanics	Number	PHL6XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Compulsory
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

1. Introduce the key concepts of non-relativistic quantum mechanics.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

1. Understand the basic concepts and working knowledge of non-relativistic quantum mechanics.

Contents

Origin of quantum theory: Blackbody radiation, Photoelectric effect, Compton scattering, Matter waves, Uncertainty principle, Stern-Gerlach experiment. (5 Lectures)

- Formalism: Linear vector spaces and operators in Hilbert space, Measurements, observables and the uncertainty relations, Change of basis, Momentum representations, Equations of motion in Schroedinger and Heisenberg pictures, One dimensional potential problems, Linear harmonic oscillator, Creation and annihilation operators. (10 Lectures)
- Theory of Angular Momentum: Angular momentum operators, Eigenvalues and Eigenfunctions of, Spherical harmonics Relation between rotation and angular momentum, Rotational symmetry and conservation of angular momentum, Reflection invariance and parity, Commutation rules, Matrix representations, addition of angular momenta and Clebsch-Gordon coefficients, Pauli spin matrices. (12 Lectures)
- Approximation methods: Time independent perturbation theory, Perturbation theory for degenerate states, Dalgarno's method, Zeeman and Stark effects, WKB approximation and its applications, Variational method and its applications to helium atom and many particle systems, Time dependent Perturbation theory, Fermi's Golden rule, Semi classical theory of interaction of atoms with radiation. (13 Lectures)

Textbook

1. Shankar, R., *Principles of Quantum Mechanics*, Plenum Press, 1994.

Reference Books

- 1. Das, A., Lectures on Quantum Mechanics, Hindustan Book Agency, 2003.
- 2. Sakurai, J. J., Modern Quantum Mechanics, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 1994.

Self-Learning Material

- 1. NPTEL Course Material, Balakrishnan, V., Department of Physics, IIT Madras https://nptel.ac.in/courses/ 122106034/.
- 2. Vuletic, V., *Quantum Physics I*, http://hdl.handle.net/1721.1/90372.

Preparatory Course Material

1. Susskind, L., https://www.courses.com/stanford-university/foundations-of-modernphysics.

Title	Electronics	Number	PHL6XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Compulsory
Prerequisite			

- The Instructor will:
- 1. Make the students understand the basics of electronics.
- 2. Make the students understand the use of electronic devices.
- 3. Make the students understand to build circuit from individual components.

Learning Outcomes

- The students are expected to have the ability to:
- 1. Design new circuits using the electronic components.
- 2. Assemble analog and digital components to make new circuit.

Contents

- Transistors: JFET, transconductance, JFET amplifiers, JFET switch, biasing in Ohmic region and active region, DMOSFET, depletion mode MOSFET, enhancement mode MOSFET, Digital switch, CMOS, E-MOSFET amplifiers, frequency response of amplifier, impedance matching, Bode plots, frequency analysis of FET. (8 lectures)
- Differential amplifiers and Operational Amplifiers: differential amplifier, DC-analysis, ACanalysis, input characteristics of an Op Amp, common mode gain, loaded differential amplifier, the 741 Op Amp, Inverting Amplifier, Non-inverting Amplifier, two Op-Amp applications, negative feedback, VCVS voltage gain, ICVS amplifier, VCIS amplifier, ICIS amplifier, bandwidth. (8 lectures)
- Linear Op-Amp Circuit Applications: inverting amplifier circuits, non-inverting amplifier circuits, inverter/non-inverter circuits, differential amplifiers, summing amplifier circuits, voltage-controlled current source, automatic gain control, active filters, ideal responses, approximate responses, passive filters, first order stages, VCVS unity gain second order low pass filters, higher order filters, VCVS equal component low pass filters, Bandpass filters, Band stop Filters, All-pass filters. (6 lectures)
- Nonlinear Op Amp circuit: comparator with zero reference, comparator with non-zero references, comparator with hysteresis, integrator, waveform conversion, waveform generation, differentiator. (3 lectures)
- Oscillators: sinusoidal oscillation, Wein Bridge Oscillator, RC Oscillator, Colpitts Oscillators, LC oscillators, Quartz crystals, the 555 timer, astable operation of the 555 timer, 555 circuit applications, the phase locked loop. (3 lectures)
- Digital Principle and Digital Logic: logic gates, combinational logic circuits, SOP, POS representation, Karnaugh Map. (3 lectures)
- Data Processing Circuit: Multiplexers, demultiplexers, decoder, encoder, parity generator and checker, arithmetic circuits, adder, subtractors, clocks and timing circuits, 555 timer-astable, monostable, flip-flops, RS, JK, D, edge triggering, registers, SISO, SIPO, PISO, PIPO, application of shift registers, counters, asynchronous counters, synchronous counter, modulus of a counter, counter design, design of synchronous and asynchronous sequential circuits. (11 lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Malvino, A., Bates, D., *Electronic Principles*, McGrawHill, 2016.
- 2. Leach, D. P., Malvino, A. P. and Saha, G., *Digital Principles and Applications*, TMH, 2014.
- 3. Horowitz, P. and Hill, W., *The Art of Electronics*, CUP, 2016.

Self-Learning Materials

1. Aggarwal, A., *Circuits and Electronics*, 2007, MIT Open Course Ware : http://ocw.mit.edu/6-002S07.

Preparatory Course Materials

1. Dube, D.C., *Electronics*, Department of Physics, IIT Delhi: http://nptel.iitm.ac.in.

Title	Statistical Physics	Number	PHL6XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Compulsory
Prerequisite			
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The Instructor will:

1. Introduce various aspects of quantum statistics and its relevant applications in physics.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

1. Apply the fundamental principles of statistical physics.

Contents

Thermodynamics: Basics, first and second laws; Maxwell's equation; extensive functions, Kinetic theory of gases. (5 Lecture)

Conditions for phase equilibrium and stability: Multiphase equilibrium; stability. (6 Lecture)

Statistical mechanics: Ensembles; non-interacting ideal systems. Partition function for various systems. (11 Lectures)

Quantum statistics: Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac distributions; black body radiation; Debye model specific heat, Bose-Einstein condensate. (8 Lectures)

Statistical Mechanics for interacting systems: Introduction, Ising Model, Neumann's Liquid crystals. (5 Lecture)

Critical phenomena: Mean field theory; Landau's theory; Curie-Weiss theory; Renormalization group. (7 Lectures)

Textbook

1. Landau, L. D. and Lifshitz, E. M., *Statistical Physics*, Part 1, Pergamon Press, 1980.

Reference Books

- 1. Chandler, D., Introduction to Modern Statistical Mechanics, Oxford University Press, 1987.
- 2. Huang, K., *Statistical Mechanics*, John Wiley and Sons, 1987.

Self-Learning Material

1. NPTEL course material, Balakrishnan, V., Department of Physics, IIT Madras https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122106027.

Title	Electrodynamics	Number	PHL6XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Compulsory
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

- 1. Provide the concepts regarding fields and forces in Electrodynamics and Magneto dynamics using basic scientific method.
- 2. Basic understanding of relativistic electrodynamics and its applications in branches of Physical Sciences.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. Explain and solve problems based on classical electrodynamics using Maxwell's equation.
- 2. To understand and proficiently carry out research by applying Classical relativistic electromagnetism using fundamental concepts of physical sciences.

Contents

Electrostatics, Magnetostatics and Electrodynamics: Gauss's law, Boundary value problems, multipoles, dielectrics, Biot and Savart law, Ampere's law, Faraday's law, Displacement current, Maxwell's equations, Wave propagation in Conductors and Dielectrics. (6 Lectures)

- Plane Electromagnetic Waves and Wave Propagation: Plane Waves in Non-conducting Medium Linear and Circular Polarization, Stokes Parameter, Reflection and Refraction of Electromagnetic Waves at a Plane Interface between Dielectrics, Fresnel Equation, Group Velocity Dispersion (GVD), Kramers-Kronig Relations. (10 Lectures)
- Waveguides and Resonant Cavities: Fieldsat the surface of and within a Conductor; Cylindrical Cavities and Wave Guides, Resonant Cavities, Power losses in a Cavity and Q of a Cavity. (7 Lectures)

Simple Radiating Systems and Diffraction: Fields of Radiation of localized oscillating Source, Electric Dipole fields and radiation and its application to radio waves. (6 Lectures)

Radiation by moving Charges: Lienard-Wiechertz Potentials and Fields for a Point Charge, Total power Radiated by an Accelerating charge, Larmor's formula. (5 Lectures)

Special Theory of Relativity: Minkowski Space and Four vectors, Concepts of Four-velocity, Four Acceleration and higher rank tensors, relativistic formation of electrodynamics, Action principle and Electromagnetic energy momentum Tensor. (8 Lectures)

Textbook

1. Jackson, J. D., *Classical Electrodynamics*, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2007.

Reference Books

- 1. Lorrain, P. and Corson, D., *Electromagnetic Fields and Waves*, CBS Publishers, 2003.
- 2. Panofsky W.K.H. and Philips M., *Classical Electricity and Magnetism*, Dover Publishers, 1990.

Self-Learning course material

- 1. Dighe, A., *Electrodynamics*, Tata Institute of Fundamental Research, Mumbai, https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/115101004/.
- 2. Gut, A., *Lecture notes on Electromagnetism II*, MIT open course ware https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/physics/8-07-electromagnetism-ii-fall-2012/lecture-notes/.

Title	Condensed Matter Physics	Number	PHL6XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Compulsory
Prerequisite			

- The Instructor will:
- 1. Provide the student with an extended knowledge of the principles and techniques of solid state physics.
- 2. Provide an understanding of structure, thermal, electrical and magnetic properties of matter.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. Formulate basic models for electrons and lattice vibrations for describing the physics of crystalline materials.
- 2. Develop an understanding of the relation between band structure and the electrical/optical properties of a material.

Contents

- Crystallography: Structural description of liquids and solids, External symmetry elements, Point groups, Direct periodic lattice, Basic concept of aperiodicity, Reciprocal lattice and diffraction conditions and its relation with Brillouin zones, Intensity of Bragg scattering from a unit cell and extinction conditions. (10 Lectures)
- Lattice Vibrations: Elastic waves, Enumeration of modes, Density of states of a continuous medium, Specific heat models of Einstein and Debye, Concept of phonon, Lattice waves, Lattice dynamics of crystals with up to two atoms per primitive basis, Density of states of a lattice, Thermal Conductivity, Scattering of X-rays, neutrons and light by phonons. (11 Lectures)

Electronic Properties of Solids: Electrons in periodic potential, Band Theory, Tight Binding, Cellular and Pseudo potential methods, Symmetry of energy bands, density of states, Fermi surface. (10 Lectures)

Magnetism & Superconductivity: Introduction to types of magnetism, Curie-Weiss Law, Magnetic Domains & Hysteresis, Zero resistance, Meissner effect, Thermodynamics of the superconducting transition, Electrodynamics of superconductivity, BCS theory of superconductivity, Josephson effect. (11 Lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Kittel, C., Introduction to Solid State Physics, Wiley, 8th Edition, 2008.
- 2. Ashcroft, N., W. and Mermin, N., D., Solid State Physics, Cengage Learning, 1976.
- 3. Omar, M. A., *Elementary Solid State Physics*, Pearson, 2009.

Self-Learning Material

- 1. Rangarajan, G., *Condensed Matter Physics*, NPTEL Course Material, Department of Physics, Indian Institute of Technology Madras, https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115106061/.
- 2. Wen, X-G., *Physics of Solids I*, MIT open course, https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/physics/8-231-physics-of-solids-i-fall-2006/

Preparatory Course Material

1. Simon, H., S. (2013), The Oxford Solid State Basics, Oxford University Press.

Title	Physics of Atoms and Molecules	Number	PHL6XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Compulsory
Prerequisite			

1. To learn Atomic Physics with problem solving approach towards spectroscopy.

Learning Outcomes

1. The students will have an understanding of quantum behavior of atoms in external electric and magnetic fields.

Course Content

- Hydrogen atom: Review of the Bohr atom model, solution of the Schrodinger equation, spectra of hydrogen and hydrogen-like atoms. Review of time-independent perturbation theory. Fine structure of the hydrogen atom: spin-orbit coupling and relativistic correction to the kinetic energy. Review of the Dirac equation. Dirac equation in the non-relativistic limit. Zeeman and Stark Spectroscopy Hyperfine interaction in atomic Hydrogen. Spectroscopy with the 21 cm emission line. Review of time-dependent perturbation theory. (11 Lectures)
- Interaction of electromagnetic radiation with a two-level atom. Rabi flopping: The dipole approximation, electric dipole, magnetic dipole and electric quadrupole transitions. Selection rules. Transition probabilities and intensity of spectral lines. Line broadening mechanisms. Spontaneous and stimulated emissions and Einstein coefficients, masers and lasers. Lamb shift. Quantization of the electromagnetic field. The Raman effect. Introduction to NMR and ESR. Review of Pauli's exclusion principle. The spin-statistics theorem. (11 Lectures)
- The Helium spectrum. Many electron systems: Electron configurations and spectroscopic notation, equivalent and non-equivalent electrons and Hund's rules. Hartree-Fock SCF method, proof of Koopmans theorem, Slater's approximation to exchange. Total Hamiltonian of a molecule. Born -Oppenheimer approximation. Rotational and Vibrational Spectra of molecules. Anharmonicity, Franck-Condon principle, Electronic. Infrared and Raman Spectra analysis. (14 Lecture)
- Molecular Physics: Molecular Orbital and Electronic configuration of Diatomic molecules: H2, C2, O2, NO and CN; Vibrational structure and vibrational analysis, Dissociation Energy, Rotational Raman spectra and influence of nuclear spin (6 Lectures)

Textbook

1. Bransden, B.H. and Joachain, C.J., (2004), *Physics of Atoms and Molecules*, Prentice Hall, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, Delhi

References

1. Condon, E. U. and Shortley, G. H., (1951), The Theory of Atomic spectra, Cambridge University Press

Online Course Material

1. NPTEL course material Prof. T. Kundu, IIT Mumbai <u>https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/115101003/</u>

Nuclear and Particle Physics	Number	PHL6XX0
Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
	Туре	Compulsory
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- The Instructor will:
- 1. Provide background to understand the role of nuclear physics in fundamental as well as applied aspects.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. Grasp the theoretical concepts of nuclear reactions and various nuclear models.
- 2. Understand details of various applications of nuclear physics.

Contents

- General properties of nuclei & Radioactive decay: Mass, radius, angular momentum, Magnetic dipole and electric quadrupole moment, Parity, Isospin, Radioactive disintegration and displacement law, a-particles, Geiger-Nuttall law, Quantum theory of a-decay, Continuous β -spectrum, Neutrino hypothesis, Fermi theory of β -decay, Selection rules for β -decay, Parity violation in β -decays, Electric & magnetic multipole radiation. (8 Lectures)
- Nuclear Detectors and Accelerators: Interaction of charged particles and radiation with matter, Gaseous and Solid state Detectors, Cyclic and Linear accelerators, Fixed target accelerators, Colliding beam machines. (5 Lectures)
- Nuclear forces: Deuteron problem, Low energy neutron-proton scattering, Spin dependence of neutron-proton interaction, Non-central force, Low energy proton-proton scattering, Highenergy neutron-proton & proton-proton scattering, Meson theory of nuclear force, Nature of two nucleon potential. (7 Lectures)
- Nuclear Models: Liquid drop model, Bether-Weizsacker formula, Nucleon mean potential, approximation by solvable potentials, Shell model, Collective model. (6 Lectures)
- *Nuclear Reactions: Compound nucleus, Breit-Wigner formula, Evaporation model, Optical model, Heavy ion reaction, Phase transition and quark-gluon plasma; Nuclear fission, Bohr-Wheeler theory, Fission reactors, Nuclear fusion and thermo-nuclear reaction, Fusion reactors, Source of energy in stars, Solar neutrino problem, Nucleo-synthesis. (8 Lectures)*
- Elementary Particles: Kinematics of high energy collisions, Pi mesons, Muons and their properties, Strange mesons, Hyperons, Resonance particles, Fundamental interactions in nature, Quark hypothesis of elementary particles, Classification of elementary particles, Conservation laws. (8 Lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Ghosal, S. N., Nuclear Physics, S. Chand, 2011.
- 2. Burcham, W. E. and Jobes, M., Nuclear and Particle Physics, John Wiley & Sons Inc, 1995.

Reference Books

- 1. Cohen, B., Concepts of Nuclear Physics, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
- 2. Wong, S. M., Introductory Nuclear Physics, Prentice Hall India Learning Pvt. Ltd., 1996.

Online Course Material

1. Verma, H. C., *Nuclear Physics*: Fundamentals and Applications, IIT Kanpur, <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115104043/</u>

Elective Courses

Title	Engineering Optics	Number	PHL6XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

1. This course provides comprehensive knowledge of optical science with elementary engineering applications.

Learning Outcomes

- 1. The students will become familiar with the concepts of optical sciences.
- 2. Students will become familiar with working principles and applications of key optical components and devices.

Contents

Characteristics and Description of Light: Photons, Uncertainty principle for Photons, properties of light beam (1 lecture)

Geometrical Optics: Ray characteristics, Ray matrices for optical components, Ray propagation through optical elements and Imaging (2 lectures)

- Wave Optics and applications: plane waves of monochromatic light, temporal and spatial coherence, Interference, interferometer and applications, Fresnel diffraction, Babinet's principle, Fraunhofer diffraction, limit of resolution, N-slit diffraction, spatial frequency filtering and applications (9 lectures)
- Polarization of Light and holography: Stokes parameters, Jones and Muller matrices, Applications, anisotropic media, liquid crystals, in-line and off-axis holography, holograms (9 lectures)

Integrated Optics: Different type of waveguides, pulse dispersion in waveguides, planar waveguides, strip waveguides, guided wave devices (6 lectures)

Lasers and Nonlinear Optical Devices: The laser principle, Three- and four level lasers, Qswitching and mode locking, He-Ne laser, CO2 laser, Laser Applications, Physical origin of nonlinearity, Electro-Optic effect, Second Harmonic generation, Optical Rectification, Sum and Difference frequency generation, nonlinear pulse propagation and solitons (9 lectures) Optical instruments: The Eye, basic Camera, Projection Systems, Microscope, Telescope and resolving power of optical instruments (6 lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Ghatak, A. K., and Thyagarajan, K., Optical Electronics, Cambridge University Press 2017
- 2. Saleh, B. E. A. and Teich, M. C., Fundamentals of Photonics, Wiley, 2018
- 3. Yariv, A., Quantum electronics, wiley, 1989

Self-Learning Material

1. Barbastathis, G. and Sheppard C., *Optics*, https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/mechanical-engineering/2-71-optics-spring-2009/

Reference Course Material

1. Ghatak, A., Optics, 2nd edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2000

Title	Introduction to Medical Physics	Number	PHL6XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

- The instructor will
- 1. Introduce physics concepts and principles relevant for medicine and health
- 2. Provide the introduction of modern diagnostic tools and various technology to medical research and to the healthcare arena in general that is set to revolutionize the way we cure diseases.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to get an insight into:

- 1. Aspects of physics with engineering for biological applications
- 2. Contribution of physics in the development of medical diagnostics

Contents

PH7XX1 (Radiological imaging techniques) [1-0-0]

- (a) Physics in Medical research: Interaction of radiation with matter, Interaction of photons with tissues, molecules, cells and organs, Elastic and inelastic scattering, Thomson and Compton Scattering. (6 lectures)
- (b) Radiological imaging: X-ray imaging and computerized Tomography (CT), Radioisotope *imaging, Positron–emission Tomography, Introduction to the image analysis. (8 lectures)* **PH7XX2** (Non-radiological imaging techniques) [1-0-0]
- (a) Non-radiological imaging: Polarization Microscopy, Confocal Microscopy, Fluorescenc Microscopy and Phase Contrast Microscopy, Breaking the diffraction limit in microscopy, Scanning near-field optical microscopy (SNOM), Principles of Nuclear Magnetic resonance and Magnetic Resonance Imaging, functional MRI. (14 lectures)

PH7XX3 (Physics in Therapeutics) [1-0-0]

- (a) Plasma for Medicine: Introduction of low temperature plasma technology to medical research, plasma chemistry, fundamentals of non-equilibrium plasmas and cell biology. Cold plasma applications in the inactivation of pathogens, anti-bacterial coatings, wound healing, electrosurgery, cancer treatment and dentistry. (10 lectures)
- (b) Nuclear Medicine: Radioactivity, Production of radionuclides, Radiation therapy for cancer treatment. (4 lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Cho, Z-H., Jones, J. and Singh, M., Foundations of Medical Imaging, 1st Edition Wiley Interscience, 1993
- 2. Pryma, D. A., *Nuclear Medicine*, 1st Edition, Oxford University Press, 2015
- 3. Murphy, D. B. and Davidson, M. W., Fundamental of Light Microscopy and Electronic Imaging, 2nd Edition, Wiley-Blackwell, 2012

Reference Books

1. Toyokuni, S., Ikehara, Y., Kikkawa, F. and Hori, M. (2018), Plasma Medical Science, 1st Edition, Academic Press.

Self-Learning Material

- 1. Department of Electrical Engg, IIT Kharagpur, https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105091/
- 2. Jasanoff, A., MIT Open courseware, Noninvasive Imaging in Biology and Medicine, https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/nuclear-engineering/22-56j-noninvasive-imaging-in-biologyand

medicine-fall-2005/index.htm.

Preparatory Course Material

1. Department of Physics, IIT Delhi, https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/115102017/.

Title	Relativistic Quantum Mechanics	Number	PHL6XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

1. To obtain an understanding of the key concepts of relativistic quantum mechanics.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

1. Understand Klein Gordon and Dirac equations, their significance and transformation properties.

2. Understand various applications of relativistic wave equations.

Contents

- Klein Gordon Equation: KG equation, The non-relativistic limit, Free spin-0 particles, The charged KG field, Lagrange density and energy-momentum tensor of the KG-field, Lorentz Invariance of the KG equation, Charge conjugation and C Parity, Interaction of a spin-0 particle with an electromagnetic field, Gauge invariance of the couplings, Lagrange density and energy-momentum tensor for a KG particle in an electromagnetic field, Solution of KG equation for a square-well, exponential and scalar 1/r potential, Basics of Photonics atoms. (14 Lectures)
- Dirac Equation: Negative Energy Solutions, Antiparticles, Dirac Hole Theory, Feynman interpretation of Antiparticles, Gamma-matrices and their properties, Lagrange density and energy-momentum tensor of the free Dirac equation, Covariance of Dirac equation, Pauli's fundamental theorem, Spinors under Lorentz transformations, Bilinear covariants, Charge conjugation, Parity & Time reversal invariance. (14 Lectures)
- Applications of Dirac Equations: Majorana representation of Dirac equation, Two component theory of neutrino, Spin and Helicity, Dirac particle in one-dimensional square well potential, Solution of Dirac equation in a Coulomb and scalar potential, Relativistic Hydrogen atom problem, Klein's paradox (14 Lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Bjorken, J.D. and Drell, S.D., *Relativistic Quantum Mechanics*, McGraw-Hill, New York 1998.
- 2. Sakurai, J.J., Advanced Quantum Mechanics, Addison-Wesley, 1967.
- 3. Greiner, W., Relativistic Quantum Mechanics, Springer, 2000.

Self-Learning Material

1. Guth, A., Relativistic Quantum Field Theory - I, http://hdl.handle.net/1721.1/53412

Title	Introduction to Soft Matter Physics	Number	PHL6110
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

- 1. To understand theoretical concepts in soft matter physics.
- 2. To understand the structural and thermodynamic properties of soft matter materials.

Learning Outcomes

- 1. Ability to apply statistical physics concepts to soft matter.
- 2. Ability to appreciate the role of self-assembly, liquid crystals, macromolecular solutions in technological applications.

Contents

(Fractal 1) PHL6111 Fundamentals of Soft Matter Physics (1-0-0)

What is *soft* matter?; time, length and energy scales; intermolecular forces; macromolecules; biopolymers; colloids, liquid crystals, membranes and self-assembly; (14 lectures)

(Fractal 2) PHL6112 Theory of Simple Liquids (1-0-0)

Densities and *distribution* functions; energy, pressure and compressibility, YBG hierarchy, virial expansion, hard-sphere equation of state and numerical calculation of Lennard-Jones systems (14 lectures)

(Fractal 3) PHL6113 Polymer Physics (1-0-0)

Random *walks*, model systems, distribution functions, chain statistics, coil-globule transition, polymer solutions, flexibility and semi-flexibility, self-avoidance, entanglement, viscoelasticity, reptation and Rouse models. (14 lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Doi, M., Soft Matter Physics, Oxford University Press 2014.
- 2. Jones, R. A. L., *Soft Condensed Matter*, Oxford University Press 2002.

Reference Books

1. Chaikin, P. M., and Lubensky, T. C., *Principles of Condensed Matter Physics*, Cambridge University Press

Online Course Material

 NPTEL course by Profs. Sunil Kumar, P. B., and Menon, G. I.,; "Physics of Soft Condensed Matter"; <u>https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/115106063/</u>

Title	Computational Physics	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

1. To incorporate modern computational skills into the scientific problem solving paradigm.

Learning Outcomes

1. The successful students will become familiar with commonly used numerical techniques to solve problems in physics.

Contents

(Fractal 1) PHL7XX1 Numerical Methods-I [1-0-0] Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations: Iterative, bisection and Newton Raphson methods, Solution of simultaneous linear equations: Matrix inversion method (14 lectures)

(Fractal 2) PHL7XX2 Numerical Methods-II [1-0-0] Interpolation: Newton and Lagrange formulas, Numerical differentiation, Numerical Integration, Trapezoidal, Simpson and Gaussian quadrature methods, Least-square curve fitting, straight line and polynomial fits. (8 lectures)

Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations: Euler and Runge-Kutta methods. (6 lectures)

(Fractal 3) PHL7XX3 Simulations: Numerical Methods [1-0-0] Generation of uniformly distributed random integers, Statistical tests of randomness, Monte-Carlo evaluation of integrals and error analysis, Non-uniform probability distributions, Importance sampling, Rejection method, Metropolis algorithm, Molecular diffusion and Brownian motion as random walk problems and their Monte Carlo simulation. (8 lectures)

Quantum Simulations: Time-independent Schrodinger equation in one dimension (radial or linear equations), Scattering from a spherical potential, Born Approximation, Bound State solutions. (6 lectures)

The students will be assigned computer laboratory work based on the above syllabus.

Textbook

1. Koonin, S. E. and Meredith, D. C., Computational Physics, Addison-Wesley, 1990.

2. Tao Pang, An Introduction to Computational Physics, Cambridge Univ. Press, 1997.

Self-Learning Material

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115104095/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/115106060/

Reference Course Material

- 1. Landau, R. H. and Mejia, M. J. P., Computational Physics, John Wiley, 1997.
- 2. Thijssen, J. M., Computational Physics, Cambridge Univ. Press, 1999.

Title	High Energy Physics	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

1. Provide background to understand the concepts of particle physics.

2. Acquaint with techniques used in recent neutrino telescopes.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. Understand concepts of Feynman calculus, details of QED and weak interactions.
- 2. Learn results and future prospects associated with recent neutrino observatories.

Contents

Quantum field theory (QFT): Classical field theory: Lagrangian and Hamiltonian formalisms; Noether's theorem. This introduces the concept of symmetries in a consistent fashion. Need for quantum field theory: particles and fields, Charge conjugation and C Parity, Interaction of a spin-0 particle with an electromagnetic field. (5 Lectures)

Klein Gordon Equation: KG equation, The non-relativistic limit, Free spin-0 particles, The charged KG field, Lagrange density and energy-momentum tensor of the KG-field, Lorentz Invariance of the KG equation. (6 Lectures)

Gauge invariance of the couplings, Lagrange density and energy-momentum tensor for a KG particle in an electromagnetic field, Negative Energy Solutions, Antiparticles, Gammamatrices and their properties, Covariance of Dirac equation, Charge conjugation, Parity & Time reversal invariance, Plane wave solution, Two component theory of neutrino, Spin and Helicity. (6 Lectures)

Quantum Electrodynamics (QED): Feynman rules for QED, Electron-Muon scattering, Electron-Electron scattering, Compton scattering, Casimir's trick, Mott and Rutherford scattering, Pair annihilation. (9 Lectures)

Weak Interactions: Parity violation and the V-A form of the weak interaction, interpretation of the coupling G, Nuclear β -decay, Muon and pion decay, Charged current neutrino-electron scattering, neutrino quark scattering, Observation of weak neutral current, Neutral current neutrino-quark scattering, Cabibbo angle. (10 Lectures)

Neutrino Telescope: Interaction of Ultra-High Energy (UHE) neutrinos with cosmic microwave background, Askaryan effect, Relic neutrinos, Cherenkov based neutrino detectors, Antarctic Impulsive Transient Antenna (ANITA) experiment, Antarctic Muon and Neutrino Detector Array (AMANDA) and Ice Cube experiments, ANTARES telescope, Next generation neutrino telescopes. (6 Lectures)

Text Books

- 1. Griffiths, D., Introduction to Elementary Particles, Wiley-Vch 2010.
- 2. Giunti, C. and Kim, C.W., *Fundamentals of neutrino physics and Astrophysics*, Oxford University Press; 1st edition 2007.

Self-Learning Material

1. Guth A., Lecture Notes MIT Course No. 8.323, *Relativistic Quantum Field Theory I*, Spring Sem., 2008.

Preparatory Course Material

1. Sakurai, J.J., *Advanced Quantum Mechanics*, Addison-Wesley 1967.

Title	Introduction to Space Science	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [2]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

- The Instructor will:
- 1. Provide introduction to space science.
- 2. Provide introduction of cosmology

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

1. Grasp different physical aspects of space science.

Contents ((i) Introduction to Astronomy, (ii) General theory of relativity and Cosmology)

PHL7XX1 (Introduction to Astronomy) [1-0-0]

Basic observation of space: Celestial coordinates, brightness, absolute and relative magnitude, sources of astronomical information, astronomy in different bands of electromagnetic radiation. (4 Lectures)

X-ray Astronomy: X-ray emissions- Thermal, non-thermal: Bremsstrahlung, Synchrotron, Xray satellite detectors. Properties of stars: Colour and surface temperature, stellar spectra, the Hertzsprung-Russel diagram, size, mass and temperature of stars. Celestial objects: The Sun, Neutron stars, classification of Galaxies, Exotic matter in space: dark matter. (10 Lectures)

PHL7XX2 (General Theory of Relativity and Cosmology) [2-0-0]

General theory of relativity: Principle of equivalence–gravitational forces–geodesic–Tensor algebra–tensor density–Killing vectors and symmetries Einstein's field equation. (8 lectures)

Schwarzschild solution–Birkhoff's theorem - geodesic equation in Schwarzschild space time– Precession of perihelion of mercury - gravitational frequency shift - Shapiro delay. (4 lectures)

Cosmology: Olber's paradox: Why is the sky dark at night? Expanding universe and Hubble's law, Finiteness and infiniteness of the universe. Evolutionary view of the Universe: The paradox of thermal death, Thermodynamics of the expanding universe (Radiation under adiabatic expansion, Particles under adiabatic expansion), the negative thermal capacity of the solar system, structure formation. (10 Lectures)

Thermal history of the universe: Cosmic microwave background. Cosmological Models: Friedmann-Robertson Walker equation, Open, flat and closed universe, dark energy. (6 Lectures)

Text Books

- 1. Narlikar, J. V., *An introduction to cosmology*, Cambridge University Press 2002.
- 2. Carroll, S. M., Spacetime and Geometry, Pearson India Education Services 2018.
- 3. M.Longair, High Energy Astrophysics vol 1, Cambridge University Press.

Self-Learning Material

- 1. Bertschinger E. & Taylor E. F., Lecture Notes MIT Course No. 8.224, *General Relativity and Astrophysics*, Spring Sem., 2003.
- 2. Rappaport, S. A., and Elliot, J., *Introduction to Astronomy*, <u>https://dspace.mit.edu/handle/1721.1/34941</u>

Preparatory Course Material

1. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115105046/.</u>

Title	Nanoscience and Nanotechnology	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

1. Introduce physics of low dimensional objects and discuss changes in mechanical, electronic, magnetic and optical properties at reduced dimensions.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. Obtain a flavor of nanoscience and nanotechnology and develop insight into the physical concepts behind nano-scale phenomena.
- 2. Understand few nano-structures for practical device applications will also be discussed.

Contents

PHL7XX1 (Basics of Nanomaterials, Nanoparticles and Clusters) [1-0-0]

- (a) Quantum Confinement and definition of Nano: Electron states, energy bands and density of states for quantum Systems; Heterojunctions, Type I and Type II Heterostructures, Quantum wells, Quantum wires and Quantum dots, Effective Mass. (5 lectures)
- (b) Nanoparticles and Clusters: Metal nanoclusters, Magic numbers, Geometric structures, Electronic structures, Magnetic and semiconducting clusters and nanoparticles, Rare gas and molecular clusters, Carbon nanostructures, 2-D materials. (9 lectures)

PHL7XX2 (Nanotechnology for Energy) [1-0-0]

- (a) Energy generation/storage: Dye sensitized solar cells, Quantum Dot sensitized solar cell, electrode materials for rechargeable batteries, supercapacitors, fuel cells, Hydrogen storage in carbon nanomaterials, nanocatalyst. (10 lectures)
- (b) Nanotechnology in data storage: Magnetic hard disk drive, Magnetic read and write head, Flash memory, Solid state drive, Future of data storage. (4 lectures)

PHL7XX3 (Nanotechnology for Water and Healthcare) [1-0-0]

- (a) Nanotechnology in Water/Air purification: Nanomaterials for water and air purification, Water desalination using carbon nanomaterials. (8 lectures)
- (b) Nanotechnology in healthcare: Diagnostics using nanomaterials, i.e., biosensors, drug delivery using magnetic nanoparticles, magnetic hyperthermia for cancer treatment. (6 lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Poole C.P. Jr. and Owens F.J., Introduction to nanotechnology, Wiley-Interscience, 2003
- 2. Shong C.W., Haur S.C. and Wee A. T. S., *Science at the nanoscale*, CRC Press, 2009
- 3. Davis J.H., *The physics of low-dimensional semiconductors*, Cambridge Uni Press, 2012

Self-Learning Material

- 1. Quereshi, M., Department of Chemistry, IIT Guwahati, <u>https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/104103019/</u>.
- 2. Online review papers in various journals.

Preparatory Course Material

1. Balani, K. and Subramaniam, A., Department of Material Science and Engineering, IIT Kanpur, NPTEL Course: https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/118104008/.

Title	Advanced Condensed Matter Physics	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

1. Provide training and knowledge to condensed matter physics of complex systems including both fundamental as well as applied aspects.

Learning Outcomes

1. The students are expected to have the ability to understand magnetism, ferroelectricity, opto-electronic properties and basics of soft condensed matter physics.

Contents

Magnetism and Ferroelectricity: Dia/para magnetism, ferro, ferri/anti-ferro magnetism, superpara/superferro magnetism, magnetic domains, domain dynamics, introduction to magnetic resonance.Dielectric constant and polarizability, phase transition, ferroelectric crystals classification, displacive transitions, Landau theory of phase transition, first and second order transition, antiferroelectricity, ferroelectric domains and imaging. (11 lectures) Optical properties and plasmons: Electron gas, dielectric function of electron, dispersion relation, plasmon, electrostatic screening, polaritons, Electron-electron and electron-phonon

interaction, Kramer-Kroning relation, excitons, Raman effect. (10 lectures)

Defects and Interfaces: Surface crystallography, Surface electronic structure, magnetoresistance, Heterostructures, point defects, dislocations, Burger vectors, dislocation and crystal growth. (10 lectures)

Soft Matter: Time and length scales, Colloids, polymers, liquid crystals and ionic soft matter, phase transition in soft matter systems. (11 lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Kittel C, Solid State Physics, Wiley, 2004.
- 2. Ashcroft N. W., Mermin N. D., Solid State Physics, Saunders, 1976.
- 3. R. A. L. Jones, Soft Condensed Matter, Oxford University Press 2002.

Reference Books

- 1. Sander M. Leonard, Advanced Condensed Matter Physics, Cambridge Univ. Press, 2009.
- 2. Snoke W. David, *Solid State Physics: Essential Concepts*, Pearson, 2009.
- 3. M. Doi, *Soft Matter Physics*, Oxford University Press, 2014.

Online Course Material

- 1. Rangarajan, G., *Condensed Matter Physics*, NPTEL Course Material, Department of Physics, Indian Institute of Technology Madras, https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115106061/.
- 2. Wen, X. G., *Physics of Solids I*, MIT open course, https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/physics/8-231-physics-of-solids-i-fall-2006/

Title	Introduction to Material Characterization	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			
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The Instructor will:

1. Provide an introduction to various characterization techniques for materials and devices

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. Obtain basic idea of various techniques used to determine structural, compositional, and functional properties such as electrical, magnetic and optical properties of materials
- 2. Appreciate the distinction between diffraction, imaging and spectroscopic based techniques for material characterization

Contents

PHL7XX1 (Material Characterization by Diffraction and Electron Microscopy) [1-0-0]

(a) Introduction and Necessity of Material Characterization: Structural and functional properties of materials (2 lectures)

(b) Diffraction based Characterization: Structure of crystalline and non-crystalline materials by x-ray diffraction, indexing of lattice planes and lattice parameter determination, electron and neutron diffraction, small angle scattering (9 lectures)

(c) Introduction to Electron Microscopy: Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM). (3 lectures)

PHL7XX2 (Characterization of Materials by Microscopy and Spectroscopy) [1-0-0]

(a) Optical microscopy, Polarization Microscopy, Fluorescence Microscopy, Phase contrast Microscopy, Scanning Tunneling Microscopy (STM) and Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM)

(b) Spectroscopic based Characterization: UV-Vis-NIR, FTIR, Photoluminescence (14 lectures) **PHL7XX3** (Functional Properties of Materials) [1-0-0]

(a) Electrical properties: Resistivity (Four probe and Van der Pauw method), Magnetoresistance

and Hall effect. (5 lectures)

(b) Magnetic properties: Magnetization and magnetic moment, Measurement of Magnetization by force and by induction, Magnetic Hysteresis, Magnetic susceptibility, Principles of Electron Paramagnetic Resonance and Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR). (9 lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Zhang, S., Li, L. and Kumar, A., *Materials Characterization Techniques*, CRC Press, 2008
- 2. Mertz, J., Introduction to Optical Microscopy, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2019

Self-Learning Material

 Shankaran, S., Materials Characterization, NPTEL Course Material, Department of Metallurgical & Materials Engineering, Indian Institute of Technology Madras, http://nptel.ac.in/courses/113106034/.

Title	Magnetism and Superconductivity	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

- 1. Introduce magnetism and superconductivity principles and their applications
- 2. Impart advanced concepts of magnetic materials in modern research

Learning Outcomes

- The students are expected to have the ability to:
- 1. Understand atomic origin of spin and magnetism and get insight into manifestation of quantum mechanics at macro level.
- 2. Grasp in-depth knowledge of magnetism and its modern application

Contents

- Brief introduction: Magnetic moment, magnetic dipole, Magnetization and angular momentum (2 lectures)
- Isolated magnetic moment: Atom in a magnetic field, Susceptibility, Diamagnetism, Paramagnetism, Semiclassical treatment of paramagnetism, Langevin and Brillouin Theory Ground state of ion and Hund's rule, spin-orbit coupling L-S and j-j coupling, Adiabatic Demagnetization (8 lectures)
- Magnetic interactions: Dipole-dipole, Exchange, Origin of exchange, direct, indirect and anisotropic exchange (4 lectures)
- Magnetic Order: Ferromagnetism, Weiss model, Antiferromagnetism, Weiss model of antiferromagnetism, Ferrimagnetism, Helical order, Spin glass (5 lectures)
- Concept of broken order and symmetry, Landau theory of ferromagnetism, Phase transition, Magnons, Spin waves (4 lectures)

Magnetic domains, domain walls, Anisotropy, Domain observation and Hysteresis (5 lectures)

Band Magnetism: Free electron model, Pauli paramagnetism, Stoner criterion, Landau levels, Landau diamagnetism (5 lectures)

Device applications: Magnetic data storage, magneto-optic effect, magnetic semiconductors, Giant Magneto Resistance, Spintronics devices (4 lectures)

Superconductivity and related effects, superconducting materials and their applications, Josephson junction and SQUID (5 lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Culity B. D. and Graham, C. D., *Introduction to magnetic materials*, Addison-Wesley, 1972
- 2. Blundell, S., Magnetism in Condensed Matter, Oxford University Press, 2001
- 3. Annett, J. F., *Superconductivity, Superfluids and Condensates*, Oxford University Press, 2004

Self-Learning Material

1. O'Handley, R., *Magnetic Materials*, MIT Open Course-Materials Science and Engineering, https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/materials-science-and-engineering/3-45-magnetic-materialsspring-2004/index.htm

Title	Electronic Transport in Mesoscopic Systems	Number	PH7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

To understand the electronic transport mechanism in mesoscopic systems.

Learning Outcomes

Nanodevice fabrication will be much easier than before.

Contents

- An atomistic view of electrical resistance: Energy level diagram, what makes electrons flow, the quantum of conductance, potential profile, Coulomb blockade, towards Ohm's law. (8 lectures)
- Schrodinger equation and Self-consistent field: Hydrogen atom, Method of finite differences, the self-consistent field procedure, relation to the multi-electron picture, bonding, multielectron picture, basis functions as a computational tool, basis function as a conceptual tool, equilibrium density matrix. (10 lectures)
- Band Structure: Examples of 1D and 2D solids, common semiconductors, effect of spin-orbit coupling, Quantum wells, wires, dots, and nanotubes, density of states, minimum resistance of a wire, velocity of a sub-band electron. (10 lectures)
- *Capacitance and Level broadening: Model Hamiltonian, electron density/density matrix, quantum vs electrostatic capacitance, open systems, local density of states, lifetime, what constitutes a contact? (5 lectures)*
- Coherent and Non-coherent transport: Density matrix, inflow/outflow, transmission, overview of non-coherent transport, why does an atom emit light? Inflow/outflow, some ideas on phonons, atoms to transistor, quantum transport equations, physics of Ohm's law, where is the heat dissipated? Where is the voltage drop? (9 lectures)

Textbook

1. Datta, S., *Quantum transport: atoms to transistor*, 2011, 2nd ed. Cambridge University

Reference Books

1. Zwanzig, R., Non-equilibrium statistical mechanics, Oxford University Press

Online Course Material

1. Datta, S., Fundamentals to Nanoelectronics: <u>https://nanohub.org/courses/fon1</u>

Title	Physics of Solar Cells	Number	PH7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

- 1. Make the students understand the physical principle behind different types of solar cells.
- 2. Make the students understand the role of quality of light, types of materials, and device fabrication techniques.
- 3. Make the students understand the inexpensive ways to fabricate the solar cells.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. Fabricate unconventional solar cells.
- 2. Increase the efficiency of the solar cells by applying the theoretical knowledge.

Contents

Basic Concepts of Solar Cell: PV cells and modules, photocurrent and quantum efficiency, open circuit voltage, short circuit current, parasitic resistance (3 lectures)

Role of light: Solar resources, Equilibrium condition under illumination, available work, photocurrent, dark current. (4 lectures)

Properties of semiconductor: bands in crystals, density of states, electron distribution function, electron and hole densities, impurities and doping, drift current, diffusion current. (8 lectures)

Generation and Recombination: semiconductor transport equations, generation and recombination, photogeneration, types of recombination. (5 lectures)

Junction: Origin of photovoltaic action, metal semiconductor junction, ohmic contacts, p-n junction, p-i-n junction, p-n heterojunction, junctions in organic materials. (6 lectures)

Analysis of p-n junction: formation of p-n junction, calculation of depletion width, calculation of carrier and current densities, p-n junction in dark, p-n junction under illumination, p-n junction as a photovoltaic cell. (8 lectures)

Monocrystalline Solar Cells: Materials and Design, silicon material properties, band structure and optical absorption, doping, recombination and carrier transport. (3 lectures)

Thin film solar cells: Materials, amorphous silicon, defects in amorphous material, absorption, doping, stability, design of the solar cell. (3 lectures)

Strategies for high efficiency: multiple band gap, tandem cells, principles of cooling and hot carrier solar cell, impact ionization solar cells. (2 lectures)

Textbook

1. J., Nelson, *The Physics of Solar Cells*, Imperial College Press, (2003).

Reference Books

- 1. P., Wurfel, U., Wurfel, (2016), Physics of Solar Cell, Willey VCH.
- 2. S., Fonash, (2010), *Solar Cell Device Physics*, Academic Press.

Online Course Material

 Buonassisi, T., Fundamentals of Photovoltaics, 2011, MIT OpenCourseWare http://ocw.mit.edu/2-627F11

Title	Fundamentals of Plasma and Fusion Science	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

- The Instructor will:
- 1. present the fundamental principles of basic plasma and plasma behavior by pointing out specific plasma properties useful in technological applications.
- 2. Also, provide an overview of fusion plasma science and its consequences in the 21st century for the benefit of mankind.

Learning Outcomes

- The students are expected to have the ability to:
- 1. Understand the important scientific and technical terms of plasma.
- 2. Use mathematical knowledge in the solution of plasma physics problems.
- 3. Recognize the importance of plasma based controlled thermonuclear fusion.

Course Content

- Introduction of plasma- Plasmas in nature and applications, Relevant concepts from gas (kinetic) theory, Debye Shielding, Definition of plasma and relevant characteristic parameters, Collision rates and mean-free paths. (6 Lectures)
- Single particle motions- Charged particle motion in uniform electromagnetic field, Charged particle motion in non-uniform magnetostatic field, Charged particle motion in time varying electromagnetic fields, Adiabatic invariants. (4 Lectures)
- Plasma fluid theory- Continuity equations, Convective derivative, Equations of state, Single fluid approximation, MHD, MHD equilibria, Generalised Ohm's Law. (8 Lectures)
- Waves and instabilities in plasmas- Cold plasma waves, Thermal effects on plasma waves, Electron plasma waves, Electromagnetic waves in plasma, Equilibrium and stability, Twostream instability. (8 Lectures)
- Plasma generation and properties- Concepts of plasma generation in laboratory, Plasma sheath, Particle and energy balance, Scaling laws. (8 Lectures)
- *Concept of Fusion Plasma Science- Thermonuclear fusion burn basics, Fusion Reaction, Thermonuclear fusion, Power balance, Ignition, Tokamaks, Fuel resources, Tokamak economics. (8 Lectures)*

Text Books

- 1. F.F. Chen, *Introduction to Plasma Physics and Controlled Fusion, Volume 1: Plasma Physics,* NY, Plenum Press, 1984.
- 2. John Wesson, Tokamaks, Clarendon Press- Oxford, 2004.

Reference Books

- 1. R.J Goldston and Paul H. Rutherford, *Introduction to Plasma Physics*, Institute of Physics Publishing, Bristol 1995.
- 2. R. Dendy, *Plasma Physics: An Introductory Course*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1993.

Online course material

 Tripathi, V.K., Plasma Physics: Fundamentals and Applications, NPTEL Course Material, Department of Physics, Indian Institute of Technology Delhi, https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115102020/.

Title	Introduction to Quantum Technologies	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

1. Provide various facets of frontiers of quantum technological domains and its understanding from the beginner's perspective.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. In understanding fundamental principles of quantum state engineering.
- 2. Apply modern quantum state engineered tools in advanced domain of physics

Contents

Non-classical States Generation: Generation of Single Photon, Heralded Photon and Photon added/subtracted states, NOON State. (6 Lectures)

Random Number Generation (RNG): True RNG Generation, Validation and relevant experimental details. (6 Lecture)

Photon Statistics: Detailed analysis of Photon Statistics and higher-order moments for nonclassical states and quantum Metrology. (6 Lecture)

Quantum State Engineering and tomography: Methods to generate engineered quantum states and its applications, Quantum State Tomography (QST). (6 Lectures)

Quantum Cryptography: Introduction to Quantum Cryptography. (6 Lectures)

Quantum Computation: Physical realization of quantum computers, and algorithms, qubits using photons and superconducting quits, modern quantum algorithms. (6 Lectures)

Open Quantum Systems: Introduction to Open quantum system and its Technological Implementation. (6 Lecture)

Textbooks

- 1. Agarwal, G. S., Quantum Optics, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- 2. Banerjee, S., Open Quantum Systems: Dynamics of Nonclassical Evolution, Springer and Hindustan Book Agency, 2018.

Reference Books

1. Evans, M. W., Luks, A., Perina, Jan., Phase in Optics, World Scientific Publishing Company, 1997.

Self-Learning Material

1. Prof Dipan Ghosh, Quantum Information and Computing Indian Institute of Technology Bombay, <u>https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/115101092/.</u>

Title	Laser Technologies	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

1. This course aims to provide the student with a basic understanding of Lasers and an extended knowledge of the Laser-based technologies.

Learning Outcomes

2. The course provides students with knowledge of laser physics and introduces them to nonlinear optics, laser interferometer, and spectroscopy applications. Also, it provides a good understanding of the critical laser parameters important for their use in various realworld applications such as: quantum optics, quantum technologies, telecommunications, industrial material processing, sensing, bio-medicine, imaging, ranging and automobile industry.

Course Contents

- Fundamentals of Lasers: Absorption, Spontaneous emission and Stimulated emission, Einstein coefficients and their significance, Lasing mechanisms, Laser oscillator, Laser characteristics, Principles for operation of Lasers, modes and mode selection, Temporal & Spatial Coherence, comparison of laser with conventional sources of light, Laser Line width and Line broadening mechanisms, Gaussian Beams and optical resonators. (7 lectures)
- Types of Lasers: rate equations, CW lasers, and Pulsed Lasers, Gas lasers, solid state lasers, semiconductor lasers, Dye Lasers and Fiber lasers, Spectral coverage with current Laser technologies. (7 lectures)
- Generation of short and Ultrashort pulses: Q-Switching, Mode locking, Chirping and Pulse compression, YAG Lasers, State-of-art-lasers (Ti: Sapphire Lasers and Fiber Lasers). (7 lectures)

Nonlinear Optics: Second and Third order nonlinear susceptibilities and nonlinear optical phenomena, Self-phase modulation in fibers, broadband and supercontinuum sources. (6 lectures)

Laser Interferometry: Michelson & Mach-Zehnder Interferometer, Sagnac Interferometer, HOM interferometer, Shearing Interferometer, and its connection to spatial Coherence, Fabry-Perot interferometer, LIGO, applications. (7 lectures)

Laser Spectroscopy: Four-wave mixing, Terahertz generation (Optical rectification in a nonlinear medium), Transient absorption/reflection spectrometer. (8 lectures)

Text Books

- 1. Sigman, A., Lasers, Mill Valley, Calif. University Science Books, 1986
- 2. Rulliere, C., Femtosecond Laser Pulses, Springer, 2003.
- 3. Yariv A & Pochi, Y., *Photonics*, Oxford University Press, 2006.

Reference books

- 1. Shen. Y. R., *The Principles of Nonlinear Optics*, Wiley-Interscience, 2002.
- 2. Dexheimer. S. L., *Terahertz Spectroscopy*, CRC Press, 2008.

Self-Learning course material

1. Unique properties of lasers and their applications, Manabendra Chandra, https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104104085/.

Preparatory course material

 Understanding Lasers and Fiber Optics, Prof. Shaoul Ezekiel https://ocw.mit.edu/resources/res-6-005-understanding-lasers-and-fiberoptics-spring-2008/.

Department Physics L	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
	- · · [•]	5 6 6 [5]
Offered for T	Туре	Elective
Prerequisite		

The Instructor will:

- 1. Help in understanding the physical properties of materials.
- 2. Help in implementing the theoretical concepts to compute materials properties.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. Learn theoretical concepts of different computational techniques in materials science.
- 2. Simulate and compute material properties using density functional theory, molecular dynamics and Monte Carlo methods.

Contents

(Fractal 1) PHL7XX1 Basic concepts in Density Functional Theory (DFT) (1-0-0)

Uniform electron gas, Thomas-Fermi model, The Hohenberg-Kohn theorems, formulation of DFT, Kohn-Sham variational principle, Local/spin density approximation (LDA/LSDA), Generalized-gradient approximations (GGAs), Orbital dependent functional, Hybrid functionals, Introduction to Quantum Espresso. (14 lectures)

(Fractal 2) PHL7XX2 Molecular dynamics Simulations (1-0-0)

Equations of motion, integrators, Interaction potential models, Force calculations, Long-range corrections, Molecular dynamics in various ensembles, Advanced MD techniques, Linear response theory and Introduction to LAMMPS & GROMACS. (14 lectures)

(Fractal 3) PHL7XX3 **Monte Carlo Simulations (1-0-0)** Monte Carlo integration, Importance sampling, Metropolis algorithm, Detailed balance, Free energy calculations, Widom insertion and Grand canonical Monte Carlo. (14 lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Sholl, D, and Steckel, J. A., *Density Functional Theory: A Practical Introduction*, Wiley-Interscience 2009.
- 2. Frenkel, D, and Smit, B., *Understanding Molecular Simulation: From algorithms to applications*, Academic Press 2001.
- 3. Landau, D. P. and Binder, K., A Guide to Monte Carlo Simulations in Statistical Physics, 3rd Edition, Cambridge University Press 2009.

Reference Books

- 1. Martin, R. M., *Electronic Structure Basic Theory and Practical Methods*, Cambridge University Press 2004.
- 2. Allen, M. P., and Tildesley, D. J., *Computer Simulation of Liquids*, Oxford University Press, 2nd ed. 2017.

Online Course Material

- MIT Open Course Ware, 3.320 "Atomistic Computer Modeling of Materials (SMA 5107)", by Ceder, G. and Marzari, N.; Spring 2005, <u>https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/materials-science-and-engineering/3-320-atomistic-computer-modeling-of-materials-sma-5107-spring-2005/</u>
- NPTEL course by Prof. Tembe, B. L., Department of Chemistry, IIT Bombay; "Computational Chemistry and Class Molecular Dynamics"; <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104101095/.</u>
- 3. LAMMPS MD simulation package https://lammps.sandia.gov/index.html.

Title	Soft Matter Physics	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

understand theoretical concepts in soft matter physics.

understand the structural and thermodynamic properties of soft matter materials.

Learning Outcomes

- 3. Ability to apply statistical physics concepts to soft matter.
- 4. Ability to appreciate the role of self-assembly, liquid crystals, macromolecular solutions in technological applications.

Contents

(Fractal 1) **PHL7XX1** Fundamentals of Soft Matter Physics [1-0-0]

What is soft matter?; time, length and energy scales; intermolecular forces; macromolecules; biopolymers; colloids, liquid crystals, membranes and self-assembly; (14 lectures)

(Fractal 2) PHL7XX2 Theory of Simple Liquids [1-0-0]

Densities and distribution functions; energy, pressure and compressibility, YBG hierarchy, virial expansion, hard-sphere equation of state and numerical calculation of Lennard-Jones systems (14 lectures)

(Fractal 3) PHL7XX3 Polymer Physics [1-0-0]

Random walks, model systems, distribution functions, chain statistics, coil-globule transition, polymer solutions, flexibility and semi-flexibility, self-avoidance, entanglement, viscoelasticity, reptation and Rouse models. (14 lectures)

Textbook

- 3. Doi, M., Soft Matter Physics, Oxford University Press 2014.
- 4. Jones, R. A. L., *Soft Condensed Matter*, Oxford University Press 2002.

Reference Books

2. Chaikin, P. M., and Lubensky, T. C., *Principles of Condensed Matter Physics*, Cambridge University Press

Online Course Material

2. NPTEL course by Profs. Sunil Kumar, P. B., and Menon, G. I.,; "*Physics of Soft Condensed Matter*"; <u>https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/115106063/</u>

Title	Statistical Methods for Data Analysis	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

1. Provide knowledge on commonly used statistical methods in analyzing physics data.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to,

1. Understand statistical methods in analyzing physical data.

Contents

Basic Statistics and Common Probability Distributions: Probability, Random variables, discrete and continuous probability distributions, cumulative distributions. Mean, variance and covariance. Central Limit Theorem. Method of moments. Monte Carlo Methods: transformation of PDFs, acceptance-rejection technique. (8 Lectures)

Bayesian Statistics: Likelihoods, priors and posteriors. Nuisance parameters, systematics uncertainties, and marginatization. (8 Lectures)

Random and Systematic Uncertainties: Error bars and error propagation. Correlation and 'error matrix'. Non-Gaussian uncertainties. Techniques for managing systematic uncertainties.

(8 Lectures)

Parameter Estimation: Least square regression. Minimization techniques. "Robust" alternatives to the least square method. (8 Lectures)

Statistical Tests: Hypotheses, test statistics, significance level, power, Neyman-Pearson test, statistical trials, likelihood ratio tests, Goodness-of-fit tests. Bayesian approach: posterior odds, the Bayes Factor, the Ockham Factor. Method of maximum likelihood. Statistical errors, confidence intervals and limits. (10 Lectures)

The students will be assigned computer laboratory work based on the above syllabus.

Textbooks

- 1. Louis, L., *Statistics for nuclear and particle physics*, Addison-Wesley, 1990.
- 2. Cowan, G., *Statistical Data Analysis*, Oxford University Press, 1998.

Self-Learning Material:

- 1. Sivia, D. S. and Skilling J., *Data Analysis A Bayesian Tutorial*, Oxford University Press, 2nd edition, 2006.
- 2. Martin, B. R., *Statistics for Physical Science: An Introduction*, Academic Press, 1st edition, 2012.

Preparatory Course Material:

1. <u>http://www-library.desy.de/preparch/books/vstatmp_engl.pdf</u>

Title	Optical Fiber Technology	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

1. To understand and gather knowledge on guided wave optics namely fiber optics and its applications.

Learning Outcomes

- 1. The students will become familiar with the concepts of modes, propagations of optical pulses, and nonlinear aspect of light matter interaction inside fibers.
- 2. Students will become familiar with fiber characterization/measurement techniques and state-of-the-art applications.

Contents

- (Fractal 1) **PHL7XX1** Introduction to Optical Fiber [1-0-0] Vector Nature of Light, Optical Fiber Single and Multimode, Step index and Graded Index Fibers, Ray and Wave picture of propagation, Cut-off, mode field diameter, group delay, Gaussian field approximation. (8 Lectures)
- Transmission Characteristics: The consequences of attenuation and dispersion in Optical Fibers: Material, Waveguide, Polarization, Intermodal and Intramodal Dispersion, Group velocity Dispersion, Dispersion modified single mode fibers. Fiber Fabrication Methods. (6 Lectures)
- (Fractal 2) **PHL7XX2** Optical Fibers and Communication [1-0-0] Attenuation, dispersion and pulse band width, refractive index profile, bend loss, other parameters. (5 lectures)
- *Erbium doped fiber amplifiers: Optical amplification, gain spectrum and bandwidth, noise in EDFA, WDM. (4 lectures)*
- *Fiber optic communications- Dispersion management and WDM systems, bit-error rate, signal-to-noise ratio, Optical communications. (5 lectures)*
- (*Fractal 3*) **PHL7XX3** Nonliear Fiber Optics [1-0-0] Photonic crystal fibers: Index and photonic bandgap guiding mechanism, endless single-mode guidance, fiber optic sensors. (7 lectures)
- Nonlinear phenomena in optical fibers: Nonlinear refraction, nonlinear pulse propagation, selfphase modulation, changes in pulse spectra, optical wave breaking, optical solitons, crossphase modulation. (7 lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Ghatak, A. K., and Thyagarajan, K., *Introduction to Fiber Optics*, Cambridge University Press 1998.
- 2. Agrawal, G. P., Nonlinear Fiber Optics, Academic press, 4th edition, 2007.

Self-Learning Material

1. Rastogi, V., *Fiber Optics*, Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee, https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115107095/.

Reference Course Material

1. Crisp, J. and Elliot, B., Introduction to Fiber Optics, 3rd edition, Newnes, 2005.

Title	Energy Harvesting Technologies	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

1. Make the students understand different energy harvesting technologies from unconventional resources and waste energy management.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

1. Understand the energy harvesting technologies and their applications in different domains.

Contents

Energy sources: Non-renewable and renewable energy sources, Energy demand and crisis nexus, waste energies and their harvesting (5 lectures)

- Harvesting Waste Mechanical Energy: Principle of piezoelectricity, piezoelectric materials, their characterizations, common piezoelectric materials e.g. PZT, ZnO. Recent trends on new materials ceramics and polymer composites; Principles of energy harvesting using piezoelectric effect, Electrical equivalent modelling, examples of energy harvesting systems e.g. Human body motion based, human shoe based and human joint based energy harvesters, Energy from natural sources: wind and water flow, Energy from transportation etc (15 lectures)
- Nanopiezoelectric materials and devices: Nanopiezoelectric effect, materials for nanogenerators, principles of nanogenerators, devices, characterization, current trends in materials. (7 lectures)
- Thermal Waste Energy harvesting: Thermoelectric effect and related principles, such as Seebeck and Peltier effect, Thomson effect, Thermoelectric device materials and characterization, Strategies for improving thermoelectric performance, Nanostructured thermoelectric materials; principle of pyroelectric effect, pyroelectric and electrocaloric coefficients, pyroelectric figure of merit, pyroelectric materials, Thermal phase change materials for waste energy harvesting, principles and materials. (10+05 lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Priya, S., Inman, D. J., *Energy Harvesting Technologies*, Springer (2009).
- 2. Mescia, L., Losito, O., Prudenzano, F., Innovative *Materials and Systems for Energy Harvesting Applications*, IGI Global (2015)

Reference Books

- 1. Kazmierski, T. J., Beeby, S., *Energy Harvesting Systems*, Springer (2011).
- 2. Yang, B., Liu, H., Liu, J., Lee, C., *Micro and Nano Energy Harvesting Technologies*, Artech House (2015)

Online Course Material

 W. Tester, Jefferson, Kazimi, Mujid S., Shao-Horn, Yang, Ghoniem, Ahmed F. Fundamentals of Advanced Energy Conversion, https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/mechanical-engineering/2-60-fundamentals-of-advancedenergy-conversion-spring-2004/#

Title	Solar Energy Technologies	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

1. Make the students understand energy technologies such as solar photovoltaics, solar thermal together with solar radiation.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

1. Understand the solar technologies and their applications.

Contents

Basic Concepts of Solar Radiation: Radiation fundamentals, types of radiation, measurements, and its usages. (10 lectures)

- Solar photovoltaics: Principles of solar cells, their types and working mechanisms, generation and recombination of carriers, types of recombination, Details about p-n homo and hetero junctions, inorganic and organic junction-based PV devices, analysis and characterization. Effect of temperature on device performance. (10 lectures)
- Solar thermal: Solar thermal technologies (concentrating and non-concentrating) and their operating principles, classification based on temperature ranges and their applications, Component analysis, Introduction to solar thermal plants and energy generation. (10 lectures)
- *Energy storage: Electrical energy storage using batteries and supercapacitors, principles, issues and challenges, current state of the art; Thermal energy storage using phase change and thermochemical means, principles, materials, issues and challenges.* (10 lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Nelson, J., (2003), *The Physics of Solar Cells*, Imperial College Press.
- 2. Sukhatme, S. P., Naik, J. K., Solar Energy: Principles of thermal collection and storage; TMH, 2017.

Reference Books

- 1. Wurfel, P., Wurfel, U., (2016), *Physics of Solar Cell*, Willey VCH.
- 2. Duffie, J. A., Beckman, W. A., *Solar Engineering of Thermal Processes*, John Wiley & Sons 4th Ed, 2013.

Online Course Material

1. Buonassisi, T., Fundamentals of Photovoltaics, 2011, MIT OpenCourseWare : <u>http://ocw.mit.edu/2-627F11.</u>

Title	Quantum Optics and Engineering	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

- 1. Provide various aspects of nonclassical/quantum light and its manifestation.
- 2. Basic understanding of novel applications of light matter interaction.
- 3. Introduce various aspects of Photon distribution and its relevance to applications in quantum optics and engineering.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. Understanding the fundamental principles of quantum optics.
- 2. The students will become familiar with concepts such as squeezing, lasing and atom optics
- 3. Appreciate and apply quantum optics in newer frontiers of physics.

Contents

Introduction to Lasers (3 Lectures)

Quantum theory of radiation: Quantum theory of the free electromagnetic field (3 Lectures)

- *Coherent and squeezed states of radiation: Radiation from a classical current; coherent states; squeezed state physics and its detection. (6 Lectures)*
- Generation of Entangled Photons and Photon Statistics: Spontaneous Parametric Down-Conversion (SPDC) process, Entangled photon detection, HOM and Franson Interferometer, Hanbury-Twiss Interferometer. (7 Lectures)

Quantum distribution theory: Q, P and W distributions. (5 Lectures)

Photon-photon interferometry: Photon detection and quantum coherence functions. (5 Lectures)

Atom-field interaction: Atom-field interaction Hamiltonian; density matrix of two-level atom with a single mode field. (7 Lectures)

Lasing without inversion, coherent trapping, electromagnetically induced transparency: Basic concepts of these quantum interference phenomena. (6 Lectures)

Textbook:

- 1. Mandel, L. and Wolf, E., *Optical Coherence and Quantum Optics*, Cambridge University Press, 1995.
- 2. Scully, M. O. and Zubairy, M. S., *Quantum Optics*, Cambridge University Press, 1997.
- 3. Loudon, R., The Quantum Theory of Light, Oxford University Press, 2000.

Reference Book:

1. Agarwal, G. S., *Quantum Optics*, Cambridge University Press, 2012.

Self-Learning Material:

1. Satyanarayana, M. V., Department of Physics, IIT Madras, Quantum Optics, https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/115106067/

Title	Cold Plasma Technologies	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The instructor will:

- 1. provide an overview of the importance of cold plasma technologies.
- 2. present an overview of commercially important plasma sources, including the fundamental principles of their operation and diagnostics.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. understand the operating principles of the most significant types of experimental plasma sources.
- 2. acquire conceptual understanding of plasma measurement tools, different vacuum pumps and plasma systems design concepts.

Content

Electrical breakdown of gases- Background ionization, Saturation regime, Townsend discharge and electrical breakdown condition of gases, Paschen Curve, Theory of low-pressure DC glow discharge. (10 Lectures)

RF-driven gas discharges- Capacitive coupling, Inductive coupling, Microwave driven, Magnetically enhancement. (5 Lectures)

High pressure gas discharges- Plasma Arc discharge and Glow discharge concept, Cold atmospheric pressure discharge, Dielectric Barrier Discharges, Cold Plasma Jets, Microplasmas. (5 Lectures)

Vacuum Pumps and Instrumentation- Mechanical, diffusion, turbo molecular pumps. Vacuum gauges, Gas regulators, Residual gas analysers, Leak detection. (5 Lectures)

Plasma Diagnostics- Overview of plasma diagnostics, Langmuir probe, Magnetic probe, Emissive probe, Measurement of circuit parameters including current, voltage and power, Fundamentals of emission of radiations by plasmas and their measurements. (8 Lectures)

Laboratory Plasma Applications- Plasma treatment of surfaces, Plasma deposition of the surfaces, Plasma Etching, Cold plasma applications in health, food and agriculture, Plasma Lighting devices, Nanoscale fabrications and plasma for biomedicines. (8 lectures)

Text Books

- 1. Yuri P. Raizer, Gas Discharge Physics, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 1991.
- 2. J. Reece Roth, *Industrial Plasma Engineering, Vol. 1 & 2,* Institute of Physics Publishing, 2003.
- 3. P.I John, *Plasma Sciences and the Creation of Wealth,* Tata McGraw-Hill Education Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2005.

Reference Books

- 1. I. H. Huchinson, *Principles of Plasma Diagnostics*, Cambridge University Press, 1987
- 2. Michael Lieberman and Allan J. Lichtenberg, *Principles of Plasma Discharges and Materials Processing*, John Wiley, 2005.

Online course material

 Tripathi, V.K., *Plasma Physics: Fundamentals and Applications*, NPTEL Course Material, Department of Physics, Indian Institute of Technology Delhi, https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115102020/.

Title	Critical Phenomena and Renormalization Group	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

- 1. Help in understanding the basic concepts of critical phenomena.
- 2. Help in grasping the concepts of the renormalization group

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. Grasp the concept of universality in phase transitions, crucial for understanding critical phenomena.
- 2. Understand scaling and renormalization group ideas.

Contents

Introduction to critical phenomena: Phase Transitions and Transfer Matrix, Order Parameter and Cluster Properties, Stochastic Processes and Phase Transitions, The Ising model, the mean field, correlation functions. (10 Lectures)

- Landau theory: The Landau theory of phase transitions, Universality within the Mean Field Approximation, Critique of the Landau approximation, and the Ginzburg criterion, Power Counting and the Role of Dimension Four. (10 Lectures)
- Real-space Renormalization Group: Renormalization Group (RG) transformation of the Hamiltonian and its fixed points, Relations between critical exponents from RG, some applications of the linearized RG transformations. (6 Lectures)
- Momentum-space Renormalization Group: RG transformation in wave number space, Scaling dimension: anomalous and normal, Partition function and fixed points for the Gaussian model. (10 Lectures)

Two-dimensional models: The X Y model, Nonlinear sigma-models. (6 Lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Ma, S. K., (1976), Modern theory of critical phenomena. Benjamin, Philadelphia.
- 2. Bellac, M. L., (1991), *Quantum and Statistical Field Theory*, Clarendon Press, Oxford.

Reference Books

1. Zinn-Justin., J., (1989), *Quantum field theory and critical phenomena*, Oxford University Press, Oxford.

Online Course Material

- Santra, S. B., Advanced Statistical Mechanics, NPTEL Course Material, Department of Physics, Indian Institute of Technology Guwahati, <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses/115103028/</u>.
- 2. Kardar, M., 8.334 Statistical Mechanics II, Spring 2014, MIT OpenCourseWare Massachusetts Institute of Technology, <u>https://ocw.mit.edu</u>

Title	Non-perturbative Theory	aspects	of	Quantum	Field	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics					L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for						Туре	Elective
Prerequisite							
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The Instructor will:

- 1. Help in understanding the basic ideas of non-perturbative phenomena.
- 2. Help in grasping the basic models of non-perturbative quantum field theory (QFT).

Learning Outcomes

- The students are expected to have the ability to:
- 1. Grasp the concepts of QFT beyond the perturbation regimes.
- 2. Understand some of the important tools needed for non-perturbative QFT.

Contents

- Introduction to general properties of QFT: Relativistic covariance, microcausality and ultraviolet singularities, Wightman functions and their properties; Euclidean QFT, Osterwalder-Schrader condition, local structure of QFT, Haag theorem; Schwinger model, Thirring model. (6 Lectures)
- Kinks and Domain Walls: Humps of energy with a topological basis. Formation of kinks and domain walls during a phase transition, Kibble and Kibble-Zurek mechanisms. Action of kink and domain walls. (8 Lectures)
- Solitons and Instantons: Relativistic quantum field theories starting from classical solutions of the corresponding non- nonlinear field equations. Classical field equations belong to either the Minkowskian metric or to Euclidean equations. The Minkowskian solutions will have finite energy with a localised, non-dispersive energy density; referred to as solitons. Correspondence between classical soliton solutions of any given field theory and extendedparticle states of the quantised version of that theory will be discussed. Instantons are localised finite-action classical solutions of the Euclidean version of the field equations of any given model. They lead to tunnelling effects that can significantly affect the structure of the vacuum state. It will be discussed how the existence of a non-zero topological index, in the instantons, leads to the generation of a family of vacuum states, characterized by a vacuum angle theta. (20 Lectures)
- Non-Linear Sigma Model: Models possessing global symmetries non-linearly realized on the fields. This model has an O(N) symmetry, the field being a N-vector of fixed length. In this context, the 1/N expansion will be discussed. Also, discussed will be the connection of the O(2) model to the sine-Gordan and massive Thirring models. (8 Lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Rajaraman, R., (1989), Solitons and Instantons, North-Holland.
- 2. Abdalla, E., Abdalla, M. C. B., and Rothe, K. D., (2001), *Non-perturbative methods in 2 Dimensional QFT*, World Scientific, Singapore.

Reference Books

1. Zinn-Justin., J., (1989), *Quantum field theory and critical phenomena*, Oxford University Press, Oxford.

Online Course Material

- 1. Govindarajan, S., *Classical Field Theory*, NPTEL Course Material, Department of Physics, Indian Institute of Technology Madras, <u>http://nptel.ac.in/courses/115106058/</u>.
- Hanany, A., 8.871 Selected Topics in Theoretical Particle Physics: Branes and Gauge Theory Dynamics, MIT OpenCourseWare Massachusetts Institute of Technology, <u>https://ocw.mit.edu</u>

Title	Nuclear Engineering	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

1. Provide various aspects of Nuclear Engineering from perspective nuclear power plant and its safety.

Learning Outcomes

- The students are expected to have the ability to:
- 1. In understanding fundamental principles of nuclear engineering.

Contents

PHL7XX1 Nuclear Reactor and Safety [2-0-0]

Introduction to Nuclear Physics: (2 Lecture).

Nuclear Decay Series: U, Th, Pu and Other radioactive sources and their decay series; basic understanding of differential cross-section and half-life. (6 Lecture)

Nuclear Reactors: Reactor Physics and Pressurized Water Reactor, Boiling Water Reactor, Fast-Breeder Reactor (FBR), Reactor Design (Heavy Water, Liquid Metal and Gas). (12 Lecture)

Nuclear Safety: Reactor Safety, Structural Mechanics, Accidents and Contamination. (8 Lecture)

PHL7XX1 Fluid Flow and Power cycles [1-0-0]

Fluid Flow and Power Cycles: Single-Phase Flow & Two-Phase Flow, Heat-Exchangers Design and Different Power Cycles. (14 Lectures)

Textbooks:

- 1. Glasstone, S. and Sesonske, A., *Nuclear Reactor Engineering*, D. Van Nostrand Company, 1967.
- 2. Knief, R. A. *Nuclear Engineering: Theory and Technology of Commercial Nuclear Power*. 2nd ed. La Grange Park, 2008.

Reference books:

1. Oka, Y., (Eds.), *Nuclear Reactor Design*, Springer-Verlag, Tokyo, 2010.

Self-Learning Material:

1. Kannan, I., Department of Mechanical Engineering, IIT Bombay, Nuclear Engineering, <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112101007/.</u>

Title	General Theory of Relativity	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

1. give the student a basic understanding of the General Theory of Relativity and its importance for modern physics.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. have detailed insight regarding theory and dynamics related to gravity.
- 2. be able to apply the theory of general relativity in many fields of physics for example in astrophysics and cosmology.

Contents

Preliminary discussions: Review of special theory of relativity, vector and tensor, particle dynamics, electrodynamics, energy momentum tensor, relativistic hydrodynamics.

Principle of equivalence: Statement of the principle, gravitational forces, geodesic-affine connection, Newtonian limit. (8 Lectures)

Tensor analysis: Tensor algebra, tensor density, transformation of affine connection, covariant differentiation, gradient, divergence, curl, parallel transport. (8 Lectures)

Curvature: curvature tensor, Bianchi identity, Ricci tensor, curvature scalar, Killing vectors and symmetries. (5 Lectures)

Einstein's field equation: Derivation of field equation, Schwarzschild solution, Birkhoff's theorem, geodesic equation in Schwarzschild space time, Precession of perihelion of mercury, bending of light rays, gravitational red shift. (8 Lectures)

Stellar equilibrium and collapse: Differential equation for stellar structure, White dwarfs, neutron stars, comoving coordinates, Schwarzschild blackholes, collapse to a blackholes. Gravitational radiation: (10 Lectures)

Universe: Friedmann-Robertson-Walker solution, our Universe. (3 Lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Weinberg, S., *Gravitation and Cosmology: Principle and Applications of the General Theory of Relativity*, 1st Ed., John Willey & Sons 1972.
- 2. Hartle, J. B., *Gravity*, 1st Ed., Pearson education 2011.
- 3. Misner, C.W., Thorne, K. S. and Wheeler, J. A., Gravitation, Princeton University Press 2017

Self-Learning Material

- 2. Schutz, B., General Relativity, Cambridge University Press 2011
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hbmf0bB38h0&list=PLGI_2C39f-</u> V1AACba_7pZP8A9M7PmQJqx
- 4. Bertschinger, E. W., General Relativity, http://hdl.handle.net/1721.1/36859.

Title	Particle Physics	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P-Th [C]	3-0-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			
	•	•	•

The Instructor will:

1. Provide background to understand the concepts of modern particle physics.

Learning Outcomes

- The students are expected to have the ability to:
- 1. Understand details of Quantum Electrodynamics, Quantum Chromodynamics and Weak interactions.
- 2. Grasp concepts of Standard Model of particle physics and its limitations.

Contents

- A preview of Particle Physics: Elementary particle dynamics, Quark structure of Hadrons, Decay rates and cross sections (4 Lectures).
- *Quantum Electrodynamics (QED):* Elementary QED processes, Anomalous magnetic moment, Extracting the moment and evaluating the graphs, Electron self-energy, Pole mass, Minimal Subtraction, Counter terms, Two- and three-point functions, Infrared divergences, Jets, Renormalizability of QED. (12 Lectures)
- *Quantum Chromodynamics (QCD):* Feynman rules for QCD, Elastic and inelastic electronproton *scattering*, The Rosenbluth formula, Parton distribution functions, Callan-Gross relation, Dokshitzer-Gribov-Lipatov-Altarelli-Parisi (DGLAP) splitting function, Factorization and the parton model, The operator product expansion (14 Lectures)
- Weak and Electroweak Interactions: The weak charged current interactions, V-A and chiral structure of weak interaction, Lepton universality, Charged and neutral current neutrino scattering, Electroweak Unification, The Higgs mechanism, Discovery of Higgs Boson, Need for physics beyond the standard model. (12 Lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Schwartz, M. D., *Quantum Field Theory and the Standard Model*, Cambridge University Press, 2014.
- 2. Thomson, M., *Modern Particle Physics*, Cambridge University Press, 2016.

Self-Learning Material

 Susskind, L., New Revolutions in Particle Physics: Basic Concepts, <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2eFvVzNF24g&list=PL768E1383EA79C603</u>

Title	Quantum Field Theory	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

1. Provide background to understand basic concepts of quantization of scalar, spinor and gauge fields.

Learning Outcomes

- The students are expected to have the ability to:
- 1. Understand interrelations between quantum fields, symmetry and conservation laws.
- 2. Apply the techniques of Feynman rules and diagrams to various elementary scattering process

Contents

Classical field theory: Lagrangian and Hamiltonian formalisms; Occupation number representation, Noether's theorem, Continuous and discrete symmetries (4 lectures).

Canonical Quantization: General Formulation, Normal ordering, Mode expansion, Quantization of real and complex scalar fields, Commutation relations, Quantization of Dirac fields, Anti-Commutators, Quantization of massless gauge fields in radiation and Lorentz gauge, Quantization of massive vector fields (14 lectures).

Interacting field theory: Propagators and Green's functions, The S-matrix, Perturbation expansion of the S-matrix, Wick's Theorem, Feynman Rules and Feynman diagrams for interacting scalar field theory and spinor electrodynamics, Lowest Order Cross-Section for Rutherford and Mott scattering (16 lectures).

Radiative Corrections and Renormalization: Casimir effect, Vacuum polarization, Electron magnetic moment, Lamb's shift, Mass renormalization (8 lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Peskin, M. E. and Schroeder, D. V., An *Introduction to Quantum Field Theory*, Frontiers in Physics, 1995.
- 2. Weinberg, S., The Quantum Theory of Fields I, Cambridge University Press, 2008.

Self-Learning Material

- 1. Tripathy, P. K., Quantum Field Theory, IIT Madras, <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115106065/</u>
- 2. Tong D., Lectures on Quantum Field Theory, University of Cambridge, http://www.damtp.cam.ac.uk/user/tong/qft.html

Title	Astrophysics	Number	PHL7XX0
Department	Physics	L-T-P [C]	3-0-0 [3]
Offered for		Туре	Elective
Prerequisite			

The Instructor will:

- 1. Familiarize the basic ideas needed to understand astrophysical phenomena.
- 2. Elucidate the nature and properties of compact astrophysical objects.

Learning Outcomes

The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. have idea how astrophysical observations, measurements can be carried out and how the observational data can be interpreted.
- 2. be acquainted with the physics of compact objects.

Contents

Properties of Sun: Estimate of surface temperature, luminosity, radius, mass, sun's spectrum, composition of sun. (2 Lectures)

- Fundamental of radiative transfer: Radiative flux, the specific intensity, radiative transfer, optical depth, plane parallel atmosphere, the grey atmosphere problem, formation of spectral line, opacity, calculation of opacity. (8 Lectures)
- Properties of stars: Colour and surface temperature, stellar spectra, spectroscopy parallax. the Hertzsprung-Russel diagram, size, mass and temperature of stars. (6 Lectures)
- Stellar formation and evolution: Hydrostatic equilibrium, virial theorem, Jeans' crieria for star formation, brown dwarf, stellar structure equations. (7 Lectures)

Nucleosynthesis inside stars: Possibility of nuclear reactions in stars, Nuclear reaction rates, important nuclear reactions in stars, evolution of stars with different masses. (4 Lectures)

White dwarfs: - equation of state for degenerate gas, polytropic EoS, Lane-Emden equation, Chandrasekhar mass limit. (6 Lectures)

Neutron stars: Supernova, neutron star, neutron drip, TOV equation, pulsars, magnetic dipole model of pulsars, nonvacuum pulsar model, glitch, cooling of neutron stars, neutron stars in binary. (6 Lectures)

Galaxies: Stellar dynamics, Interstellar medium. (3 Lectures)

Textbook

- 1. Rai Choudhari A., *Astrophysics for physicists*, 1st Ed., Cambridge University Press 2010.
- 2. Morison I., Introduction to astronomy and cosmology, 1st Ed., Willey and Sons ltd 2008.
- 3. Shapiro, S. L., Teukolsky, S. A., *Black Holes, White Dwarfs, and Neutron Stars*, 1st ed., WILLEY-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, Weinheim, 2004.

Self-Learning Material

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dpRqK_awV9Y&list=PLy5Ast_vPItFNkraErbQ8AmWEaQ Mt34Rx
- 2. <u>https://www.edx.org/course/introduction-astrophysics-epflx-phys-209-enx</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nzmFc2gjUo4&list=PLE17CC91B39224675</u>

Teaching Laboratories

Atomic and Nuclear Physics Laboratory (Course No. PHP6XXX)

S. No.	Name of the Experiment
2.	Recording of Hydrogen Spectra
3.	Zeeman effect
4.	Gamma Ray Spectrometer (Energy resolved)
5.	Alpha particle spectrometer (Energy resolved)
6.	Radiation Counter for Alpha and Beta Particle (ZnSe for Alpha
	And Plastic scintillation counter for beta particle)
7.	Radiation Counter for
	Gamma and Beta Particle
8.	Finding the Plateau region of GM Tube
9.	Alpha particle counter (only for alpha particle)
10.	Compton Scattering

Electronics Laboratory (Course No. PHP6XXX)

S. No.	Name of Experiment
1	JFET biasing and its application as an amplifier.
2	Differential Amplifier as double ended input and single ended output. Differential Amplifier as single ended input and double ended output.
3	Op-Amp circuit and inverting and non-inverting amplifiers. Find out the output offset voltage, maximum output current, slew rate, and power bandwidth.
4	Summing, subtractor, differentiator, and integrator.
5	Four types of negative feedback such as VCVS, VCIS, ICVS, and ICIS will used to show the reduction of non-linear distortion and output offset voltage.
6	Active Butterworth low-pass, high-pass, wide bandpass, and narrow bandpass filters.
7	Active diode circuits and comparator as peak detector, limiter, DC clamper, limit detector.
8	Wave shaping circuit by using Schmitt trigger.
9	The Wien Bridge Oscillator, LC Oscillator circuit
10	Use of 555 timer for astable multivibrator, monostable multivibrator and construct
	an alarm circuit.
11	Different logic gates such as NOT, AND, OR, NAND, NOR, XOR gates
12	RS NAND latch, clocked D Latch, JK Flip Flop and verify frequency division function, T Flip-Flop,
13	To study the performance of a quartz-controlled TTL clock oscillator.
14	Monostable, astable multivibrator using TTL circuits.
15	Half-adder, full-adder, subtractor, construction of four-bit adder, and four-bit adder-subtractor
16	Use of Shift Register for showing SIPO, PIPO, and PIPO operation.
17	Operation of a binary ripple up-counter, and down counter.
18	Study the characteristics of a BCD to decimal decoder.
19	To study the functioning of multiplexer and its application for the generation of
	Boolean functions.
20	To demonstrate the functions performed by decoder using a seven segment LED display.
21	To study the operation of a D/A converter based on a R/2R network

Condensed Matter Physics Laboratory (Course No. PHP6XXX)

S. No.	Name of Experiment
1	Hall effect with temperature
2	Electrical Conductivity Measurements using four probe resistivity with temperature
3	Vibrational spectroscopy (Raman)
4	Phonon Dispersion curve
5	Band gap measurements
6	Photoluminescence Spectroscopy studies of Materials
7	Solar cell characterization
8	Studies on Thermoelectric properties of materials
9	Thermoelectric Device Characterization
10	ESR Spectroscopy
11	Magnetic Susceptibility Measurements
12	Study of Thermoluminescence of F-centres in Alkali Halide crystals

Optics & Lasers Laboratory (Course No. PHP6XXX)

S. No.	Name of the Experiment
1.	To find the wavelength of monochromatic light To determine the spacing between the plates of fabry Perot etalon from the fringe Pattern To find the finesse and free spectral range (FSR) of etalon from the fringe calibration at different cavity thickness
2.	To find the refractive index of an unknown solution.
3.	To study the birefringence with respect to applied voltage in an electro optic liquid
4.	Numerical aperture, splice loss and bending loss measurement of multi-mode fiber . Numerical aperture and mode field diameter measurement of single mode fiber . Calculation of normalized frequency or V-number of single mode fiber . Determination of refractive index of transparent solids
5.	To calculate the peak wavelength and spectral bandwidth of LEDs. To analyze emission spectrum of laser and study the peak wavelength.
6.	To find out the difference in wavelength of D1 and D2 lines of sodium light. To determine the wavelength of monochromatic light
7.	To determine wavelength of laser beam. To find refractive index of a transparent material.
8.	To study Gaussian nature of the laser beam. To find diameter (beam spot size) of the laser beam. To determine divergence of the laser beam.
9.	Diffraction of light by single slit, double slit, single wire, cross wire and transmission grating
10.	Intensity measurement as a function of analyzer angle Polarization study by quarter wave plate - elliptical and circular polarization. Polarization study by half wave plate - change of polarization axis. Verification of Malus' law

Computational Laboratory (Course No. PHP6XXX)

S. No.	Name of Experiment
1	Implementation of nonlinear root finding techniques
2	Interpolation techniques
3	Curve fittings
4	Solving ordinary differential equations
5	Simulations of physical systems, Monte Carlo technique etc
6	Solution of Schrodinger like equation
7	Solution of Helmohz equation (Propagation study)
8	Quantum Simulation

Hands-on Experiments

Hands-on Experiments (High end equipments) (PHL6XXX)

S. No.	Торіс
1.	Amplitude and frequency modulation circuits (Digital Storage Oscilloscope)
2.	Regulated power supplies and their performance evaluation (DSO)
3.	Solar cell construction and characterization (XRD, UV-VIS, SEM, etc.)
4.	Magnetic moment detection (MPMS, PPMS, etc.)
5.	Optoelectronic Properties of Materials (Raman, PPMS)
6.	Construction of coupled prism experimental set up and demonstration of tunneling phenomenon
7.	Construction of telescope and observation of stellar objects
8.	Measurement of speed of light using oscillations (DSO , Fast Photodiode)
9.	Life-time of muon (Scintillation detector, Data acquisition and processing system, Python coding)
10.	Optical fibre characterization (Laser source, Communication Fibre, Photodetector)
11.	Optical cloaking
12.	Nanomaterials Characterization (XRD, AFM, SEM, PPMS, etc.)
13.	Paschen Curve -Dependence of break-down voltage on the pressure and inter- electrode gap for a given gas in plasma discharge
14.	Measurement of Plasma parameters by electrostatic probe
15.	Characterization of DC magnetron discharge and estimation of sputtering yield
16.	Generation and characterization of non-thermal and non-equilibrium cold plasma

Hands-on Experiments (Computational Tools) (PHL6XXX)

S. No.	Торіс
1.	Ray tracing for design of solar concentrator
2.	Use of COSMOL software for macroscopic multiphysics phenomena
3.	Rsoft software for visualization of optical components and devices
4.	Optifibre for visualization of optical communication through optical fibres
5.	Design of optoelectronic materials using DFT
6.	Molecular dynamics simulation using LAMMPS and GROMACS
7.	Simulation of magnetic domains using Micromagnetics
8.	Gamma ray burst (GRB) data analysis from the <i>Fermi-GBM</i> space telescope.